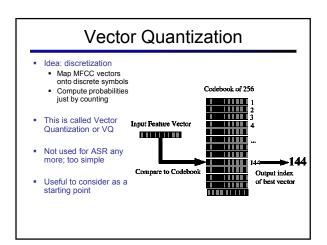


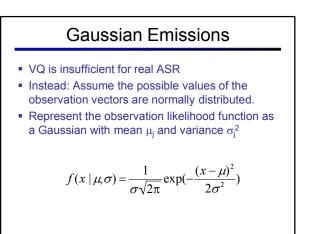
## **Final Feature Vector**

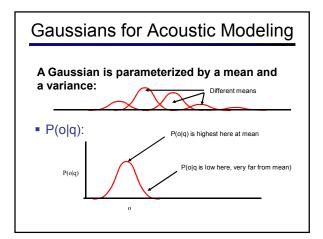
- 39 (real) features per 10 ms frame:
  - 12 MFCC features
  - 12 Delta MFCC features
  - 12 Delta-Delta MFCC features
  - 1 (log) frame energy
  - 1 Delta (log) frame energy
  - 1 Delta-Delta (log frame energy)
- So each frame is represented by a 39D vector

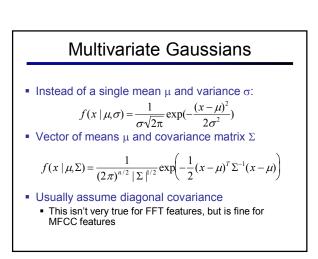
## HMMs for Continuous Observations?

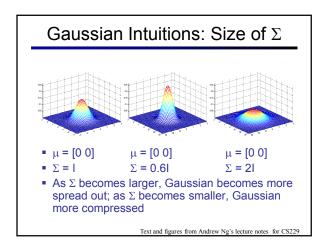
- Before: discrete, finite set of observations
- Now: spectral feature vectors are real-valued!
- Solution 1: discretization
- Solution 2: continuous emissions models
  Gaussians
  - Multivariate Gaussians
- Mixtures of Multivariate Gaussians
- A state is progressively:
  - Context independent subphone (~3 per phone)
  - Context dependent phone (=triphones)
  - State tying of CD phone

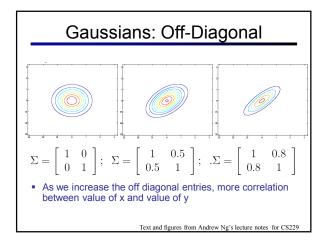


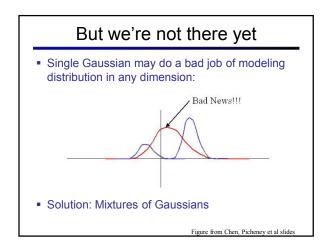


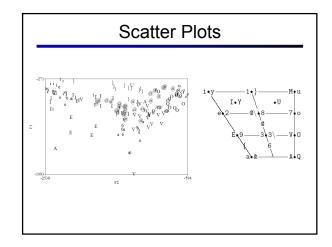


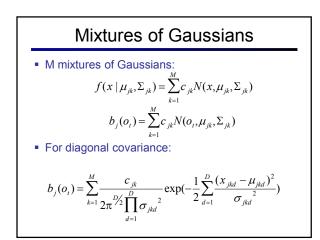


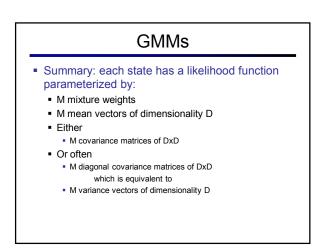


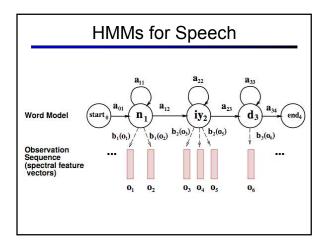


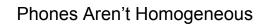


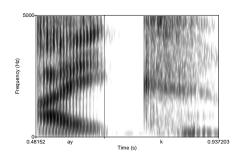


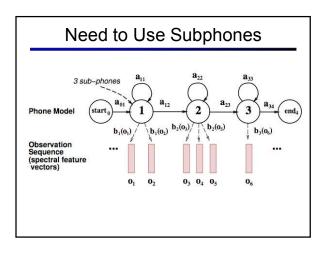


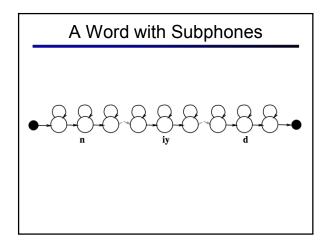


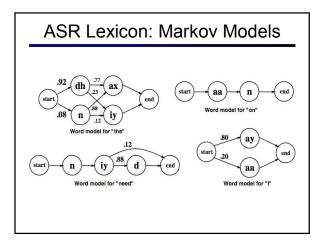


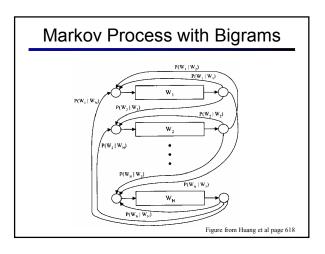














- Forced Alignment
  - Computing the "Viterbi path" over the training data (where the transcription is known) is called "forced alignment"
  - We know which word string to assign to each observation sequence.
  - We just don't know the state sequence.
  - So we constrain the path to go through the correct words (by using a special example-specific language model)
  - And otherwise do normal Viterbi
- Result: state sequence!

