

# Replay Debugging for Distributed Systems

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## Why Another Debugger?

- Great distributed software being developed
  - routing overlays, query processors
  - BFT replication, DHTs
- More algorithms than users
- Distribution brings new bugs
- Current tools do not help deployed apps

# What do we need?

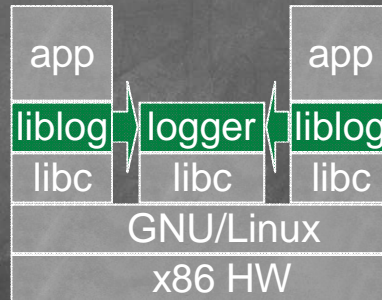
- Requirements for debugging deployed applications:
  - Independent logging: no central control
  - log app execution for replay offsite
  - Continuous operation: lightweight enough to leave debugging enabled.
  - Consistent Group Replay: analyze distributed state together, without synchronized clocks
  - Mixed Environment: not all peers will participate
  - 3rd party clients, supporting services (DNS, db)

# What we've done

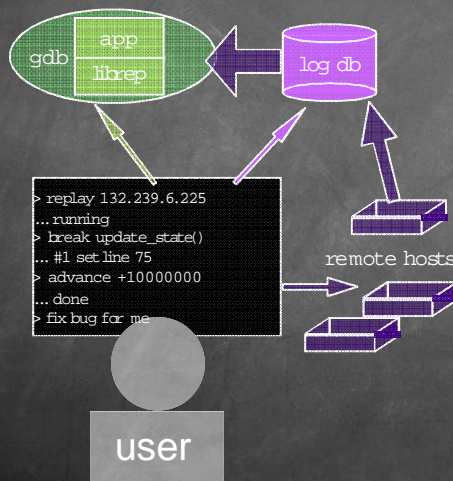
- `liblog`: lightweight logging and deterministic replay for distributed applications
- First tool that meets requirements. Also:
  - No modifications to source or binary
  - Support POSIX C/C++ apps
  - No special hardware or kernel changes
  - Familiar GDB interface

# Design: Logging

- Loads shared lib at runtime
- Intercepts libc calls
- Sends return values to logger daemon
- Logs, checkpoints compressed on disk
- Embed Lamport clocks in all network messages
- Incoming messages saved



# Design: Replay



- Central console coordinates replay
- Collect logs, ckpts
- UI: GDB++
- Replay arbitrary machines, times
- Virtual clocks allow consistent replay

## Challenge: Threads

- Reading shared memory is nondeterministic
- Must reproduce contents or order of writes
- Same problem with `mmap`, signal handlers
- Solution: log and replay thread schedule
- Real challenge: no kernel support
- User-level locks serialize execution
- Blocking calls (e.g. `read`) run in background

## Challenge: User-level Annotations for TCP

- Must embed Lamport clocks at each send boundary
- Receiver need not respect send frames
- May not read more than requested by app (else block)
- must recognize annotations on first byte
- Solution:
  - Annotations precede each chunk of sent data
  - 1-byte “magic”, clock, data chunk length
  - 3-state machine: testing, reading tag, reading data
  - loop between states until enough bytes read

## Challenge: Mixed Environment

- Message annotations confuse non-loggers
- Third-party clients
- Supporting protocols (DNS, ping, mysql)
- Federated/Partial deployment
- Solution: Integrated discovery service
- Query remote logger at well-known port
- Short timeouts, caching reduces impact

## Additional Challenges

- GDB support for migrated processes
- GDB support for multiple, synchronized processes
- Deterministic replay for programs with unsafe memory accesses
- Fast and durable logging

# Overhead

- Per-call wrapper latency: 1.5-2X (sendto)
- Fixed size UDP bandwidth: 2X
- 100 MB “empty” file transfer: 1.2MB logs
- 118MB logs for uncompressible data
- i3/chord daemon: 2.5 MB/hour
- Checkpoints: 10-20ms, 1 MB compressed

# Experience

- Bugs found in I3/Chord and proxy:
  - 2 broken assumptions about network
  - 3 coding errors
  - 2 proofs of weak bootstrap algorithms
- Used replay to debug debugger:
  - Message tags, missing libc wrappers, uninitialized memory reads by programs
- Started manually injecting bugs into I3

# Future Work

- Distribution and Experience
- Powerful, easy-to-use tools - Need volunteers!
- Distributed Predicate Evaluation
- Check invariants automatically during replay
- Like GDB watchpoints/ conditional breakpoints
- Need simple interface: small declarative language
- Challenges: efficiency, time semantics

Thank you

