

# Ball Joints (moving axis)

$$d\mathbf{p} = [d\mathbf{r}] \cdot e^{[\mathbf{r}]} \cdot \mathbf{x} = [d\mathbf{r}] \cdot \mathbf{p} = -\underbrace{[\mathbf{p}]} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

That is the Jacobian for this joint



$$[\mathbf{r}] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -r_3 & r_2 \\ r_3 & 0 & -r_1 \\ -r_2 & r_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[\mathbf{r}] \cdot \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{x}$$